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# Consolidated Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2022 [Japanese GAAP] 

February 9, 2023

## Company name: RIX CORPORATION

Stock exchange listing: Tokyo Stock Exchange and Fukuoka Stock Exchange
Code number: 7525
URL: https://www.rix.co.jp/en/
Representative: Takashi Yasui, Representative Director, President and Executive Officer
Contact: Toru Karita, Director and Managing Executive Officer \& Division Manager-Administration
Phone: +81-92-472-7311
Scheduled date of filing quarterly securities report: February 10, 2023
Scheduled date of commencing dividend payments: -
Availability of supplementary explanatory materials on quarterly financial results: Not available
Schedule of quarterly financial results briefing session: Not scheduled
(Amounts of less than one million yen are rounded down.)

1. Consolidated Financial Results for the Nine Months Ended December 31, 2022 (April 1, 2022 - December 31, 2022)
(1) Consolidated Operating Results
(\% indicates changes from the previous corresponding period.)

|  | Net sales |  | Operating profit |  | Ordinary profit |  | Profit attributable to <br> owners of parent |  |
| :--- | :---: | ---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Nine months ended | Million yen | $\%$ | Million yen | $\%$ | Million yen | $\%$ | Million yen | $\%$ |
| December 31, 2022 | 32,961 | 10.7 | 2,332 | 27.8 | 2,696 | 27.6 | 1,850 | 28.8 |
| December 31, 2021 | 29,783 | - | 1,824 | 56.4 | 2,113 | 64.4 | 1,436 | 64.1 |

(Note) Comprehensive income: Nine months ended December 31, 2022: $¥ 2,172$ million [ $47.8 \%$ ]
Nine months ended December 31, 2021: $¥ 1,470$ million [37.6\%]

|  | Basic earnings <br> per share | Diluted earnings <br> per share |
| :--- | :---: | ---: |
| Nine months ended | Yen | Yen |
| December 31, 2022 | 227.27 | - |
| December 31, 2021 | 175.83 | - |

(Note) The Company has adopted the "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 31, 2020), etc. from the beginning of the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. Therefore, the change in net sales for the nine months ended December 31, 2021 from the previous corresponding period is not shown in the table above.
(2) Consolidated Financial Position

|  | Total assets | Net assets | Equity ratio |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Million yen | Million yen | $\%$ |
| As of December 31, 2022 | 35,768 | 20,746 | 56.9 |
| As of March 31, 2022 | 34,187 | 19,500 | 56.0 |

(Reference) Equity: As of December 31, 2022: ¥20,361 million

$$
\text { As of March } 31,2022: ¥ 19,143 \text { million }
$$

## 2. Dividends

|  | Annual dividends |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | 1st quarter-end | 2nd quarter-end | 3rd quarter-end | Year-end | Total |
| Fiscal year ended <br> March 31, 2022 <br> Fiscal year ending <br> March 31, 2023 | Yen | Yen | Yen | Yen | Yen |
| Fiscal year ending <br> March 31, 2023 <br> (Forecast) | - | 25.00 | - | 40.00 | 65.00 |

(Note) Revision to the forecast for dividends announced most recently: Yes
3. Consolidated Financial Results Forecast for the Fiscal Year Ending March 31, 2023 (April 1, 2022 - March 31, 2023)
(\% indicates changes from the previous corresponding period.)

|  | Net sales | Operating profit | Ordinary profit | Profit attributable to owners of parent | Basic earnings per share |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Full year | Million yen $\%$ <br> 44,400 11.1 | Million yen $\%$ <br> 3,150 22.1 | Million yen $\%$ <br> 3,500 17.2 | Million yen $\%$ <br> 2,400 17.0 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Yen } \\ 295.26 \end{array}$ |

(Note) Revision to the financial results forecast announced most recently: Yes
For further information, please refer to the "Notice Regarding Revision to Financial Results Forecast and Forecast for Dividends" announced today (February 9, 2023).

## * Notes:

(1) Changes in significant subsidiaries during the period under review: None
(Changes in specified subsidiaries resulting in changes in scope of consolidation):
Newly included: None; Excluded: None
(2) Accounting methods adopted particularly for the preparation of quarterly consolidated financial statements: Yes For further information, please refer to "(3) Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements (Accounting Methods Adopted Particularly for the Preparation of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements)" on page 9 of the Attachments
(3) Changes in accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and retrospective restatement

1) Changes in accounting policies due to the revision of accounting standards: Yes
2) Changes in accounting policies other than 1) above: None
3) Changes in accounting estimates: None
4) Retrospective restatement: None
(4) Total number of issued shares (common shares)
5) Total number of issued shares at the end of the period (including treasury shares):
December 31, 2022:
8,640,000 shares
March 31, 2022:
$8,640,000$ shares
6) Total number of treasury shares at the end of the period:
December 31, 2022:
558,451 shares
March 31, 2022:
469,445 shares
7) Average number of shares outstanding during the period:

Nine months ended December 31, 2022:
$8,143,901$ shares
Nine months ended December 31, 2021:
$8,170,563$ shares

[^0]* Explanation of the proper use of financial results forecast and other notes

The earnings forecasts and other forward-looking statements herein are based on information currently available to the Company and certain assumptions that the Company deems reasonable, and the Company does not in any way guarantee the achievement of the forecasts. Actual results may differ significantly from these forecasts due to a wide range of factors. Please refer to "(3) Explanation of Consolidated Financial Results Forecast and Other Forwardlooking Information" on page 4 of the Attachments for the assumptions underlying the forecasts and precautions when using the forecasts.

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## 1. Qualitative Information on Quarterly Financial Results

(1) Explanation of Operating Results

The prospect of world economy remained uncertain during the nine months ended December 31, 2022 due to soaring energy prices (especially in Western European countries) and prolonged spike in inflation, which constituted a disincentive to economic activity, as well as Russia's prolonged aggression against Ukraine.

On the other hand, the Japanese economy saw a recovery of inbound tourism demand as the government eased entry restrictions for foreign visitors to Japan. Furthermore, there was a momentum of capital investment by the service sector and investment for decarbonization, etc. in anticipation of the post COVID-19 world.

Under these economic circumstances, the Group implemented measures under its medium-term plan "GP2023." As a result, as for the consolidated financial results for the nine months ended December 31, 2022, the Group recorded net sales totaling $¥ 32,961$ million (up $10.7 \%$ year on year), operating profit totaling $¥ 2,332$ million (up $27.8 \%$ year on year), ordinary profit totaling $¥ 2,696$ million (up $27.6 \%$ year on year), and profit attributable to owners of parent totaling $¥ 1,850$ million (up $28.8 \%$ year on year).

Operating results by reportable segment are as follows. The Group manages business performance by industry to which customers belong, and thus designates the following eight industries as reportable segments: "Steel and Iron," "Automobile," "Electronics and Semiconductor," "Rubber and Tire," "Machine Tools," "Highperformance Material," "Environment," and "Paper and Pulp."
(Steel and Iron)
On the global level, the steel and iron industry continued to face sluggish demand for steel products although the demand varied by region. This was due to a production decrease in China, the largest crude steel producer in the world. In Japan, crude steel production declined in line with the global trend, partly due to the negative impact of automobile production cuts caused by the semiconductor shortages and lower demand for steel products overseas.

The Group focused on sales activities not only in the maintenance sector but also in the operation sector, resulting in an increase in the installation of makeshift water treatment facilities for the purpose of dismantling existing facilities due to the consolidation of steel plants in Japan and operation of these facilities, sales of processing machines for in-house production of processed products that used to be handled outside steel plants, and sales of intrusion prevention fences for existing lines for safety reasons.

As a result, net sales for the steel and iron industry totaled $¥ 8,928$ million (up $5.3 \%$ year on year).

## (Automobile)

On the global level during the nine months ended December 31, 2022, the automobile industry saw a year-onyear recovery in China, India, and Mexico, the major automobile-producing countries. In particular, major growth in new energy vehicles was seen in China. In Japan, despite the easing impact of the automotive semiconductor supply shortages, there still existed supply constraints, especially for EVs.

The Group focused on sales and proposal activities in the battery and motor sectors, which are attracting attention in the CASE market. This resulted in orders received for capacity expansion projects in the motor and battery manufacturing processes both in Japan and overseas (North America and China) and repairs of electrical components in the machining process, contributing to the increase in sales.

As a result, net sales for the automobile industry totaled $¥ 6,631$ million (up $13.5 \%$ year on year).
(Electronics and Semiconductor)
The global electronics and semiconductor industry saw record sales in 2022, although there was no significant growth in overall industry sales partly due to sluggish demand in the memory sector. Meanwhile, in Japan, sales remained on a path of growth as the demand still continued to be high for products related to semiconductor manufacturing equipment, though there was a slowdown of growth to some extent.

The Group focused on sales activities on the facilities and maintenance sectors. This resulted in increases in the number of repair and refurbishment projects for equipment components in semiconductor front-end process factories. In addition, we saw an increase in sales of our original rotary joint products for thriving semiconductor manufacturing equipment makers.

As a result, net sales for the electronics and semiconductor industry totaled $¥ 4,942$ million (up $16.4 \%$ year on year).
(Rubber and Tire)
Players in the rubber and tire industry were experiencing a year-on-year increase in sales as the business of
replacement items remained strong and products for new vehicles were also recovering, However, the impact of soaring raw material, energy, and logistics costs was putting pressure on their profits.

The Group continued to follow up on development projects and focus on sales activities related to new projects and capital investment, as in the previous fiscal year. This resulted in increases in sales of blast cleaning equipment for tire vulcanization processes, compressors for power facilities, and water treatment equipment, contributing to the increase in sales.

As a result, net sales for the rubber and tire industry totaled $¥ 2,476$ million (up $20.1 \%$ year on year).
(Machine Tools)
In the machine tools industry, due to global interest rate hikes and other reasons, the previously steady demand was beginning to falter. Among others, orders for semiconductor-related and other precision applications were on a downward trend, though the demand for labor-saving products was still growing at a high level.

The Group focused on sales and development to cater to requests for the integration and automation of machine tools. This resulted in continued increases in sales of our original rotary joints and oil skimmers.

As a result, net sales for the machine tools industry totaled $¥ 1,820$ million (up $32.1 \%$ year on year).
(High-performance Material)
In the high-performance material industry, the price surge of naphtha, a raw material for high-performance materials, settled down due to OPEC's crude oil production increase and China's lockdown.

The Group focused on sales of filters, in addition to making further inroads into pharmaceutical and cosmetic industries. This resulted in strong sales of filters and seals, and the winning of projects to modernize existing facilities, contributing to the increase in sales.

As a result, net sales for the high-performance material industry totaled $¥ 1,543$ million (up $21.9 \%$ year on year).

## (Environment)

The environment industry saw robust demand for projects for waste treatment and effective utilization of resources. The industry also experienced substantial growth in projects against global warming, which served as a driver of the entire environmental industry.

The Group focused on increasing its presence in the environment and energy industries, which are regarded as important in recent years. This resulted in the winning of maintenance and construction projects concerning clean and recycled water facilities as well as sales of valves for exhaust gas treatment facilities, contributing to the increase in sales.

As a result, net sales for the environmental industry totaled $¥ 1,598$ million (up $2.0 \%$ year on year).

## (Paper and Pulp)

The paper and pulp industry saw further price hikes for western paper and a decline in shipments of printing and communication paper and other types of paper. Furthermore, shipments of containerboards and other types of paper board, which had sold well previously, showed signs of decline.

The Group focused on product development in the cutting-edge biomass material CNF, chemical materials, and energy sectors. This resulted in continued sales increases from the previous fiscal year in rental of chiller units and the winning of contracts for pumps for pharmaceutical dispensing facilities, among others. Meanwhile, the Group was affected by a decrease in pump renewal projects.

As a result, net sales for the paper and pulp industry totaled $¥ 577$ million (down $14.9 \%$ year on year).
(2) Explanation of Financial Position
(Assets)
Current assets increased $1.6 \%$ from the end of the previous fiscal year to $¥ 27,620$ million. Primary factors for the increase include an increase of $¥ 1,846$ million in trade receivables, an increase of $¥ 690$ million in inventories, and a decrease of $¥ 2,227$ million in cash and deposits.

Non-current assets increased $16.3 \%$ from the end of the previous fiscal year to $¥ 8,147$ million. Primary factors for the increase include an increase of $¥ 521$ million in property, plant and equipment, an increase of $¥ 158$ million in intangible assets, and an increase of $¥ 347$ million in investment securities.

As a result, total assets increased $4.6 \%$ from the end of the previous fiscal year to $¥ 35,768$ million.
(Liabilities)
Current liabilities increased $3.1 \%$ from the end of the previous fiscal year to $¥ 13,672$ million. Primary factors
for the increase include an increase of $¥ 163$ million in trade payables, $¥ 576$ million yen in short-term borrowings, and a decrease of $¥ 372$ million in income taxes payable.

Non-current liabilities decreased $5.7 \%$ from the end of the previous fiscal year to $¥ 1,349$ million.
As a result, total liabilities increased $2.3 \%$ from the end of the previous fiscal year to $¥ 15,021$ million.
(Net Assets)
Net assets increased $6.4 \%$ from the end of the previous fiscal year to $¥ 20,746$ million. Primary factors for the increase include an increase of $¥ 1,115$ million in retained earnings and an increase of $¥ 232$ million in foreign currency translation adjustment.
(3) Explanation of Consolidated Financial Results Forecast and Other Forward-looking Information The operating results for the third quarter (October-December 2022) of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 exceeded the planned figures because orders received and sales remained strong mainly in the Automobile, Electronics and Semiconductor, Rubber and Tire, and Machine Tools reportable segments despite the recording of foreign exchange losses due to the appreciation of yen.

As the operating results for the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 are also expected to exceed the planned figures, the Company has made an upward revision of the full-year consolidated financial results forecast (of net sales, operating profit, ordinary profit, and profit attributable to owners of parent).

In addition, the Company has revised upward the year-end ordinary dividend forecast, in association with the upward revision to the financial results forecast.

For details, see the "Notice Regarding Revision to Financial Results Forecast and Forecast for Dividends" released on February 9, 2023.

## 2. Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements and Principal Notes <br> (1) Quarterly Consolidated Balance Sheets

As of March 31, 2022
As of December 31, 2022

| Assets |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current assets |  |  |
| Cash and deposits | 9,103,893 | 6,876,071 |
| Notes receivable - trade | 679,645 | 625,569 |
| Electronically recorded monetary claims - operating | 3,042,117 | 3,758,003 |
| Accounts receivable - trade | 11,606,759 | 12,791,442 |
| Securities | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Merchandise and finished goods | 1,904,187 | 2,356,135 |
| Work in process | 278,980 | 431,309 |
| Raw materials and supplies | 196,064 | 282,741 |
| Other | 273,499 | 400,310 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | (742) | (815) |
| Total current assets | 27,184,404 | 27,620,767 |
| Non-current assets |  |  |
| Property, plant and equipment | 3,050,120 | 3,571,381 |
| Intangible assets | 163,788 | 322,743 |
| Investments and other assets |  |  |
| Investment securities | 2,601,939 | 2,949,203 |
| Other | 1,202,040 | 1,323,386 |
| Allowance for doubtful accounts | $(14,673)$ | $(19,199)$ |
| Total investments and other assets | 3,789,306 | 4,253,390 |
| Total non-current assets | 7,003,215 | 8,147,515 |
| Total assets | 34,187,619 | 35,768,283 |
| Liabilities |  |  |
| Current liabilities |  |  |
| Notes payable - trade | 767,572 | 572,344 |
| Electronically recorded obligations - operating | 4,799,985 | 4,963,819 |
| Accounts payable - trade | 3,964,637 | 4,159,866 |
| Short-term borrowings | 1,515,170 | 2,091,789 |
| Current portion of long-term borrowings | 21,600 | 21,600 |
| Income taxes payable | 714,467 | 342,357 |
| Provision for bonuses | - | 420,534 |
| Provision for bonuses for directors (and other officers) | - | 90,948 |
| Other | 1,474,026 | 1,009,363 |
| Total current liabilities | 13,257,458 | 13,672,623 |
| Non-current liabilities |  |  |
| Long-term borrowings | 270,400 | 254,200 |
| Provision for retirement benefits for directors (and other officers) | 294,410 | 92,577 |
| Retirement benefit liability | 655,338 | 673,916 |
| Other | 209,942 | 328,492 |
| Total non-current liabilities | 1,430,091 | 1,349,186 |
| Total liabilities | 14,687,549 | 15,021,810 |

As of March 31, 2022 As of December 31, 2022

| Net assets |  |  |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Shareholders' equity |  | 827,900 |
| Share capital | 827,900 | $1,069,472$ |
| Capital surplus | $1,057,212$ | $18,102,364$ |
| Retained earnings | $16,986,591$ | $(609,731)$ |
| Treasury shares | $(407,624)$ | $19,390,006$ |
| Total shareholders' equity | $18,464,080$ |  |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income |  | 559,788 |
| Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | 494,706 | 396,690 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 164,516 | 15,002 |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans | 20,400 | 971,481 |
| Total accumulated other comprehensive income | 679,623 | 384,984 |
| Non-controlling interests | 356,366 | $20,746,473$ |
| Total net assets | $19,500,069$ | $35,768,283$ |
| Total liabilities and net assets | $34,187,619$ |  |

(2) Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Income and Comprehensive Income

Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Income
Nine Months Ended December 31
(Thousand yen)

|  | For the nine months ended December 31, 2021 | For the nine months ended December 31, 2022 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net sales | 29,783,690 | 32,961,322 |
| Cost of sales | 22,694,371 | 24,683,881 |
| Gross profit | 7,089,319 | 8,277,441 |
| Selling, general and administrative expenses | 5,264,575 | 5,944,780 |
| Operating profit | 1,824,743 | 2,332,660 |
| Non-operating income |  |  |
| Interest income | 9,220 | 17,062 |
| Dividend income | 57,987 | 79,149 |
| Reversal of allowance for doubtful accounts | 2,103 | - |
| Share of profit of entities accounted for using equity method | 48,695 | 15,166 |
| Rental income from real estate | 14,917 | 14,996 |
| Foreign exchange gains | 98,778 | 188,812 |
| Gain on investments in investment partnerships | 24,587 | 16,170 |
| Other | 37,188 | 51,224 |
| Total non-operating income | 293,478 | 382,582 |
| Non-operating expenses |  |  |
| Interest expenses | 2,603 | 4,471 |
| Provision of allowance for doubtful accounts | - | 4,528 |
| Other | 1,937 | 9,538 |
| Total non-operating expenses | 4,540 | 18,538 |
| Ordinary profit | 2,113,682 | 2,696,704 |
| Extraordinary income |  |  |
| Gain on sale of non-current assets | 1,907 | 188 |
| Gain on sale of investment securities | 3,385 | - |
| Surrender value of insurance policies | 2,740 | - |
| Total extraordinary income | 8,033 | 188 |
| Extraordinary losses |  |  |
| Loss on sale of non-current assets | 3 | - |
| Loss on retirement of non-current assets | 4,853 | 279 |
| Loss on valuation of investment securities | 764 | - |
| Total extraordinary losses | 5,621 | 279 |
| Profit before income taxes | 2,116,094 | 2,696,614 |
| Income taxes | 661,274 | 825,565 |
| Profit | 1,454,820 | 1,871,048 |
| Profit attributable to non-controlling interests | 18,154 | 20,210 |
| Profit attributable to owners of parent | 1,436,665 | 1,850,837 |

## Quarterly Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

## Nine Months Ended December 31

|  | For the nine months ended <br> December 31, 2021 | For the nine months ended <br> December 31, 2022 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Profit | $1,454,820$ | $1,871,048$ |
| Other comprehensive income |  |  |
| $\quad$ Valuation difference on available-for-sale securities | $(71,086)$ | 64,391 |
| Foreign currency translation adjustment | 93,631 | 241,509 |
| Remeasurements of defined benefit plans, net of tax | $(6,591)$ | $(5,397)$ |
| Share of other comprehensive income of entities | $(603)$ | 1,083 |
| $\quad$ accounted for using equity method | 15,350 | 301,586 |
| Total other comprehensive income | $1,470,170$ | $2,172,635$ |
| Comprehensive income |  |  |
| Comprehensive income attributable to: | $1,458,880$ | $2,142,696$ |
| Owners of parent | 11,289 | 29,938 |

(3) Notes to Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements
(Notes on Going Concern Assumption)
Not applicable.
(Notes in Case of Significant Changes in Shareholders' Equity) Not applicable.
(Accounting Methods Adopted Particularly for the Preparation of Quarterly Consolidated Financial Statements) (Calculation of Tax Expenses)
For calculation of tax expenses, our Group adopts a method whereby the effective tax rate for the profit before income taxes for the fiscal year under review, including the third quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023, after the application of tax effect accounting is reasonably estimated, and quarterly profit before income taxes is multiplied by such effective tax rate.
(Changes in Accounting Policies)
We have applied the "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Fair Value Measurement" (ASBJ Guidance No. 31, June 17, 2021; hereinafter referred to as "Fair Value Measurement Guidance") since the beginning of the first quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023. Pursuant to the transitional treatment prescribed in Paragraph 27-2 of the Fair Value Measurement Guidance, the new accounting policies provided for in the Fair Value Measurement Guidance will be applied going forward.

This shall have no impact on the consolidated financial statements for the third quarter of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023 or the nine months ended December 31, 2022.

## (Segment Information, Etc.)

I For the Nine months Ended December 31, 2021 (from April 1, 2021 to December 31, 2021)

1. Information on Net Sales and Profit or Loss by Reportable Segment
(Thousand yen)

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Steel and <br> Iron | Automobile | Electronics <br> and <br> Semicon- <br> ductor | Rubber and <br> Tire | Machine <br> Tools | High- <br> performance <br> Material | Environment | Paper and <br> Pulp |
| Net sales <br> Net sales to outside <br> customers | $8,480,997$ | $5,841,230$ | $4,247,343$ | $2,061,870$ | $1,378,474$ | $1,266,583$ | $1,567,227$ | 679,141 |
| Inter-segment net <br> sales or transfers | -- | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | $8,480,997$ | $5,841,230$ | $4,247,343$ | $2,061,870$ | $1,378,474$ | $1,266,583$ | $1,567,227$ | 679,141 |
| Segment profit (loss) | 857,580 | 406,222 | 294,441 | 116,937 | 152,402 | 113,382 | 146,238 | 60,168 |


|  | Reportable <br> segment | Other <br> (Note 1) | Total | Adjustment <br> (Note 2) | Amount <br> recorded in <br> Quarterly <br> Consolidated <br> Statements of <br> Income <br> (Note 3) |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Total |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales <br> Net sales to outside <br> customers <br> Inter-segment net <br> sales or transfers | $25,522,867$ | $4,260,823$ | $29,783,690$ | - | $29,783,690$ |
| Total | - | - | - | - | - |
| Segment profit (loss) | $25,522,867$ | $4,260,823$ | $29,783,690$ | - | $29,783,690$ |

(Notes) 1. The "Other" category is a business segment which is not included in the reportable segments and includes businesses for the food industry and shipbuilding industry.
2. An adjustment of $¥(771,864)$ thousand in segment profit (loss) includes $¥ 830,401$ thousand for internal profit, $¥ 211,552$ thousand for consolidation elimination, and $¥(1,813,818)$ thousand for selling, general and administrative expenses which are not attributable to the reportable segments.
3. Segment profit (loss) is adjusted with operating profit on the Consolidated Statements of Income.
2. Information on Impairment Loss on Non-current Assets and Goodwill by Reportable Segment (Significant Impairment Loss on Non-current Assets)
Not applicable.

II For the Nine months Ended December 31, 2022 (from April 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022) 1. Information on Net Sales and Profit or Loss by Reportable Segment
(Thousand yen)

|  | Reportable segment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Steel and <br> Iron | Automobile | Electronics <br> and <br> Semicon- <br> ductor | Rubber and <br> Tire | Machine <br> Tools | High- <br> performance <br> Material | Environment | Paper and <br> Pulp |
| Net sales <br> Net sales to outside <br> customers | $8,928,117$ | $6,631,881$ | $4,942,703$ | $2,476,292$ | $1,820,302$ | $1,543,556$ | $1,598,185$ | 577,648 |
| Inter-segment net <br> sales or transfers | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | $8,928,117$ | $6,631,881$ | $4,942,703$ | $2,476,292$ | $1,820,302$ | $1,543,556$ | $1,598,185$ | 577,648 |
| Segment profit (loss) | 905,057 | 780,822 | 369,380 | 224,747 | 227,452 | 153,065 | 112,922 | 45,034 |


|  | Reportable <br> segment | Other <br> (Note 1) | Total | Adjustment <br> (Note 2) | Amount <br> recorded in <br> Quarterly |
| :---: | :---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Consolidated <br> Statements of <br> Income <br> (Note 3) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net sales <br> Net sales to outside <br> customers | $28,518,687$ | $4,442,635$ | $32,961,322$ | - | $32,961,322$ |
| Inter-segment net <br> sales or transfers | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | $28,518,687$ | $4,442,635$ | $32,961,322$ | - | $32,961,322$ |
| Segment profit (loss) | $2,818,481$ | 441,018 | $3,259,499$ | $(926,838)$ | $2,332,660$ |

(Notes) 1. The "Other" category is a business segment which is not included in the reportable segments and includes businesses for the food industry and shipbuilding industry.
2. An adjustment of $¥(926,838)$ thousand in segment profit (loss) includes $¥ 804,675$ thousand for internal profit, $¥ 326,058$ thousand for consolidation elimination, and $¥(2,057,571)$ thousand for selling, general and administrative expenses which are not attributable to the reportable segments.
3. Segment profit (loss) is adjusted with operating profit on the Consolidated Statements of Income.
2. Information on Impairment Loss on Non-current Assets and Goodwill by Reportable Segment
(Significant Impairment Loss on Non-current Assets)
Not applicable.


[^0]:    * These quarterly consolidated financial results are outside the scope of quarterly review by certified public accountants or an audit firm.

